



GPL-3-free replacements of coreutils

1	<b>Contents</b>	
2	<b>Coreutils GPLv2</b>	<b>2</b>
3	<b>Alternatives</b>	<b>3</b>
4	utils-coreutils . . . . .	3
5	BSDutils . . . . .	4
6	Busybox . . . . .	4
7	Nbase . . . . .	5
8	FreeBSD . . . . .	6
9	Sbase and Ubase . . . . .	6
10	Heirloom . . . . .	7
11	<b>Replacement: utils-coreutils</b>	<b>7</b>
12	<b>Testing</b>	<b>9</b>
13	<b>Initial test and results</b>	<b>9</b>
14	<b>Migration</b>	<b>9</b>
15	Due to the nature of Apertis and its target markets there are <a href="#">licensing terms that</a>	
16	are <a href="#">problematic</a> <sup>1</sup> and that forces the project to look for alternatives packages.	
17	The <code>coreutils</code> package is good example of this situation as its license changed	
18	to GPLv3 and as result Apertis cannot provide it in the <code>target</code> repositories and	
19	images. The current solution of shipping an old version which precedes the	
20	license change is not tenable in the long term, as there are no upgrades with	
21	bugfixes or new features for such important package.	
22	This situation leads to the search for a drop-in replacement of <code>coreutils</code> , which	
23	need to provide compatibility with the standard GNU <code>coreutils</code> packages. The	
24	reason behind is that many other packages rely on the tools it provides, and	
25	failing to do that would lead to hard to debug failures and many custom patches	
26	spread all over the archive. In this regard the strict requirement is to support	
27	the features needed to boot a target image with ideally no changes in other	
28	components. The features currently available in our <code>coreutils-gplv2</code> fork are a	
29	good approximation.	
30	Besides these specific requirements, there are general ones common to any Open	
31	Source Project, such as maturity and reliability. Particularly important aspects	
32	are also the available community support, the development process and user	
33	adoption.	
34	As a summary, below is the list of attributes	
35	• License suitable for inclusion in Apertis	
36	• Compatible with GNU <code>coreutils</code>	
37	• Support for the features needed to boot a target image	

<sup>1</sup><https://jwd.pages.apertis.org/apertis-website/policies/license-expectations/>

- 38 • User adoption
- 39 • Community support
- 40 • Long term solution

## 41 Coreutils GPLv2

42 Currently Apertis provides `coreutils-gplv2`, with the following features

```
43 [ base64 basename cat chgrp chmod chown chroot cksum comm cp csplit cut date dd
44 df dir dircolors dirname du echo env expand expr factor false fmt fold groups
45 head hostid id install join link ln logname ls md5sum md5sum.textutils mkdir
46 mkfifo mknod mktemp mv nice nl nohup od paste pathchk pinky pr printenv printf
47 ptx pwd readlink rm rmdir seq sha1sum sha224sum sha256sum sha384sum sha512sum
48 shred shuf sleep sort split stat stty sum sync tac tail tee test touch tr true
49 tsort tty uname unexpand uniq unlink users vdir wc who whoami yes
```

## 50 Alternatives

51 In order to perform a comparison among different projects this section list dif-  
52 ferent projects and metrics of each them. These metrics are quantitative ones,  
53 which can obtain from the Git log, and qualitative that can be derive from the  
54 first ones. The value of showing all these metrics is to allow non-technical users  
55 to clearly understand the comparison.

### 56 **utils-coreutils**

57 Link: <https://github.com/uutils/coreutils>  
58 Language: Rust  
59 License: MIT  
60 GNU compatibility: High (it is the project goal)  
61 User adoption: Low  
62 Completeness: Missing 14 commands  
63 Started: 2013  
64 Developers in last year: 40  
65 Commits in last year: 885  
66 Project status: Very active  
67 Community support: High  
68 Maturity: Medium

### 69 **Pros**

- 70 • High GNU compatibility
- 71 • High community support
- 72 • High community impact
- 73 • Portability in mind
- 74 • Ongoing development

- 75     • Implemented in a modern memory safe language

76     **Cons**

- 77     • Missing commands and features  
78     • Not used in production environments  
79     • Depends on many Rust crates, which may not all be already available in  
80     Debian **Notes**  
81     • Semi-done: `cp expr install ls more od printf sort split tail test date`  
82     `join df`  
83     • To do: `chcon csplit dd numfmt pr stty`  
84     • Missing compared to `coreutils-gplv2`: `csplit dd dir pr stty vdir`  
85     • Builds successfully on Apertis using the available Rust compiler  
86     • Initial tests for basic features were successful

87     **BSDutils**

88     Link: <https://github.com/dcantrell/bsdutils>

89     Language: C

90     License: BSD

91     GNU compatibility: Low (project is only a port of OpenBSD compatible with  
92     Linux)

93     User adoption: Very low

94     Completeness: Missing 25 commands, long options unsupported, other differ-  
95     ences Started: 2019

96     Developers in last year: 1

97     Commits in last year: 86

98     Project status: Active

99     Community support: Low (base project high)

100     Maturity: Medium (base project high)

101     **Pros**

- 102     • Linux support  
103     • Based on OpenBSD, which is a mature project

104     **Cons**

- 105     • Missing commands and features  
106     • Not fully compatible with GNU as it is a port from OpenBSD  
107     • Low community support for the port itself  
108     • Not used in production environments  
109     • Original project only supports OpenBSD, Linux support added in a low  
110     activity fork  
111     • Requires `libbsd-dev`

112     **Notes**

- 113     • This project is a port of tools from OpenBSD to have an BSD-licensed  
114     and lightweight replacement of GNU `coreutils`

- 115 • Provides a set of scripts to import new OpenBSD versions and a set of  
116 patches to be applied and provide Linux compatibility
- 117 • In order to upstream contributions might need to be done to this specific  
118 project or to OpenBSD
- 119 • Missing from coreutils-gplv2: base64 cksum dir dircolors hostid link  
120 md5sum md5sum.textutils od pathchk pinky ptx seq sha1sum sha224sum  
121 sha256sum sha384sum sha512sum shred shuf sum tac tail unlink vdir

## 122 **Busybox**

123 Link: <https://busybox.net/>

124 Language: C

125 License: GPLv2

126 GNU compatibility: High (compatibility in mind but a subset of features)

127 User adoption: Very high

128 Completeness: Commands with limited features

129 Started: 1999

130 Developers in last year: 27

131 Commits in last year: 299

132 Project status: Very active

133 Community support: High

134 Maturity: High

### 135 **Pros**

- 136 • High GNU compatibility
- 137 • High community support
- 138 • Very low footprint
- 139 • Already part of Apertis

### 140 **Cons**

- 141 • Supports a subset of features

## 142 **Nbase**

143 Link: <https://github.com/cheusov/nbase>

144 Language: C

145 License: BSD

146 GNU compatibility: Low (project is only a port of NetBSD compatible with  
147 Linux)

148 User adoption: Very low

149 Completeness: Missing 33 commands

150 Started: 2015

151 Developers in last year: 1

152 Commits in last year: 119

153 Project status: Active

154 Community support: Low

155 Maturity: Medium

#### 156 **Pros**

- 157 • Linux support
- 158 • Based on NetBSD, which is a mature project

#### 159 **Cons**

- 160 • Missing commands and features
- 161 • Not fully compatible with GNU as it is a port from NetBSD
- 162 • Low community support
- 163 • Not used in production environments
- 164 • Requires NetBSD make, mk-configure, libbsd
- 165 • Original project only supports NetBSD, Linux support added in a low
- 166 activity fork

#### 167 **Notes**

- 168 • This project is a port of tools from NetBSD compatible with other Unix
- 169 like systems
- 170 • Missing from coreutils-gplv2: [ base64 chgrp chown chroot dir dircolors
- 171 factor groups hostid install link md5sum md5sum.textutils od pathchk
- 172 pinky ptx readlink sha1sum sha224sum sha256sum sha384sum sha512sum shred
- 173 shuf sum tac unlink users vdir who whoami

#### 174 **FreeBSD**

175 Link: <https://github.com/freebsd/freebsd/tree/master/bin>

176 Link: <https://github.com/freebsd/freebsd/tree/master/usr.bin>

177 Language: C

178 License: FreeBSD

179 GNU compatibility: Very low

180 User adoption: High

181 Developers in last year: 72 (on usr.bin)

182 Commits in last year: 423 (on usr.bin)

183 Project status: Active

184 Community support: High

185 Maturity: High

#### 186 **Pros**

- 187 • High community support

#### 188 **Cons**

- 189 • Missing commands and features
- 190 • No Linux support
- 191 • No GNU compatibility

## 192 **Sbase and Ubase**

193 Link: <https://gitlab.com/garbeam/src/-/tree/master/bin/sbase>

194 Link: <https://gitlab.com/garbeam/src/-/tree/master/bin/ubase>

195 Language: C

196 Project status: Inactive, no activity since 2016

197 Community support: None

### 198 **Pros**

- 199 • Linux support

### 200 **Cons**

- 201 • Project inactive

## 202 **Heirloom**

203 Link: [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heirloom\\_Project](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Heirloom_Project)

204 Link: <https://wiki.archlinux.org/index.php/Heirloom>

205 Language: C

206 Project status: No activity since 2007

207 Community support: None

### 208 **Pros**

- 209 • Linux support

### 210 **Cons**

- 211 • Project inactive

## 212 **Replacement: utils-coreutils**

213 Based on the above comparison the best option is `utils-coreutils`, since it is  
214 the only one with the explicit goal of providing a fully compatible alternative  
215 to GNU `coreutils`, and it has a good community support which most probably  
216 will continue and improve in the future. The main risk is the current low user  
217 adoption and the lack of usage in production scenarios. It is worth to mention  
218 that the main license used in the project is MIT but further analysis needs to  
219 be done to confirm the licensing of all the used dependencies.

220 These risks enumerated will be handled by the testing and migration in order  
221 to provide a reliable approach.

222 As it has been mentioned the license used is MIT, and detailed information  
223 about its dependencies can be found in the [FOSSA analysis](#)<sup>2</sup>. Unfortunately,  
224 this report is not reliable since it shows several incorrect dependencies.

---

<sup>2</sup>[https://app.fossa.io/projects/git%2Bgithub.com%2Fuutils%2Fcoreutils?ref=badge\\_large%22](https://app.fossa.io/projects/git%2Bgithub.com%2Fuutils%2Fcoreutils?ref=badge_large%22)

225 The following list shows the dependencies as reported by `cargo`

Package	License
ansi_term	MIT
arrayvec	MIT OR Apache-2.0
autocfg	MIT OR Apache-2.0
backtrace-sys	MIT OR Apache-2.0
bitflags	MIT OR Apache-2.0
bit-set	MIT OR Apache-2.0
bit-vec	MIT OR Apache-2.0
blake2-rfc	MIT OR Apache-2.0
byteorder	Unlicense OR MIT
cfg-if	MIT OR Apache-2.0
chrono	MIT OR Apache-2.0
constant_time_eq	CC0-1.0
data-encoding	MIT
dunce	CC0-1.0
either	MIT OR Apache-2.0
failure	MIT OR Apache-2.0
fake-simd	MIT OR Apache-2.0
fnv	MIT OR Apache-2.0
fs_extra	MIT
glob	MIT OR Apache-2.0
half	MIT OR Apache-2.0
hex	MIT OR Apache-2.0
ioctl-sys	MIT OR Apache-2.0
isatty	MIT OR Apache-2.0
maybe-uninit	MIT OR Apache-2.0
md5	MIT OR Apache-2.0
num-integer	MIT OR Apache-2.0
onig	MIT
onig_sys	MIT
pkg-config	MIT OR Apache-2.0
platform-info	MIT
ppv-lite86	MIT OR Apache-2.0
rand_chacha	MIT OR Apache-2.0
rand_pcg	MIT OR Apache-2.0
rust-ini	MIT
semver	MIT OR Apache-2.0
semver-parser	MIT OR Apache-2.0
sha1	BSD-3-Clause
sha2	MIT OR Apache-2.0
sha3	MIT OR Apache-2.0
smallvec	MIT OR Apache-2.0
strsim	MIT



Package	License
syn	MIT OR Apache-2.0
synom	MIT OR Apache-2.0
synstructure	MIT
tempfile	MIT OR Apache-2.0
term_grid	MIT
term_size	MIT
term_size	MIT OR Apache-2.0
thread_local	MIT OR Apache-2.0
typenum	MIT OR Apache-2.0
unix_socket	MIT OR Apache-2.0
vec_map	MIT OR Apache-2.0
wild	MIT OR Apache-2.0
winapi-util	Unlicense OR MIT
xattr	MIT OR Apache-2.0

## 226 Testing

227 In order to confirm the missing features/commands in the `utils-coreutils`  
 228 which are required by Apertis a testing needs to be performed. The steps  
 229 proposed are:

- 230 • Run initial tests on target images
  - 231 – Test booting standard target images
  - 232 – Test installing/removing packages
- 233 • Run current `coreutils-gplv2` test plan with `utils-coreutils`
- 234 • Run `utils-coreutils` as default on development environments
- 235 • Make `utils-coreutils` and all the Rust crates it depends on available in  
 236 Debian
- 237 • Provide long-term maintenance of the new packages in Debian as well  
 238 Note that some effort is being driven by `utils-coreutils` community to use  
 239 the `coreutils` test case to generate a report for the still missing features.  
 240 This will be a nice to have feature but it is more than it is actually required  
 241 for this stage.

## 242 Initial test and results

243 As part of an initial test using `utils-coreutils` the following steps have been  
 244 taken

- 245 • Replace utilities from `coreutils-gplv2` with the ones provided by `utils-`  
 246 `coreutils`
- 247 • Boot target image without issues
- 248 • Reinstall package `libc6` without issues

249 These initial results are promising, however more detailed tests should be  
250 planned and executed to spot potential issues.

## 251 Migration

252 Since `coreutils-gplv2` is a base package special care should be taken. Also the  
253 fact that it is outdated adds additional possible security issues, which should be  
254 addressed in the short term.

255 The following guidelines will be followed to assure a smooth transition minimiz-  
256 ing risks.

- 257 • Determine the list of tools supported and successfully tested provided by  
258 `utils-coreutils`.
- 259 • Create a new package based on `utils-coreutils` named `coreutils-utils`  
260 with all the tools that are supported and successfully tested.
- 261 • For missing tools a replacement will be provided on case by case basis.
- 262 • Generate APT and OSTree based images for target and minimal configu-  
263 ration.

264 Due to the [Apertis release flow](https://jwd.pages.apertis.org/apertis-website/policies/release-flow/)<sup>3</sup> this process will start on development releases  
265 allowing any potential issue to be addressed before a stable point release, with  
266 the possibility of switching back to `coreutils-gplv2` if a proper fix cannot be  
267 implemented on time.

---

<sup>3</sup><https://jwd.pages.apertis.org/apertis-website/policies/release-flow/>